

### Description:

Based on the venerable DIY Tremulus Lune classic circuit, [www.madbean.com](http://www.madbean.com) forum member *CultureJam* created this awesome sounding tremolo dubbed the "Shoot the Moon". Rullywow brings you this circuit with just a few minor changes. It is an easy to build project, and better yet – uses common off-the-shelf parts. This is one great sounding tremolo. Quick build and rewarding!

Lunar BLAST!									
Caps			Diodes			Resistors			
C6	100uF	electro	D1	1n4001		R16	100k		
C1	10n	film	Pots			R17	100k		
C2	10uF	electro	DEPTH	1kB		R15	100R		
C3	100n	film	GAIN	10kB		R6	1k		
C5	100n	film	SPEED	100kC		R7	1k		
C4	330p	ceramic	WAVE	500kB		R8	1k		
C7	47uF	electro	IC			R9	1k		
C8	47uF	electro	IC1	4558		R11	1M		
			IC2	TL072		R14	1M		
			"VACTROL"			R1	220k		
			Tayda LDR	Orange LED		R2	220k		
						R3	220k		
						R4	220k		
						R12	220k		
						R13	220k		
						R5	2k2		
						R10	470R		

## Project Specific Tips:

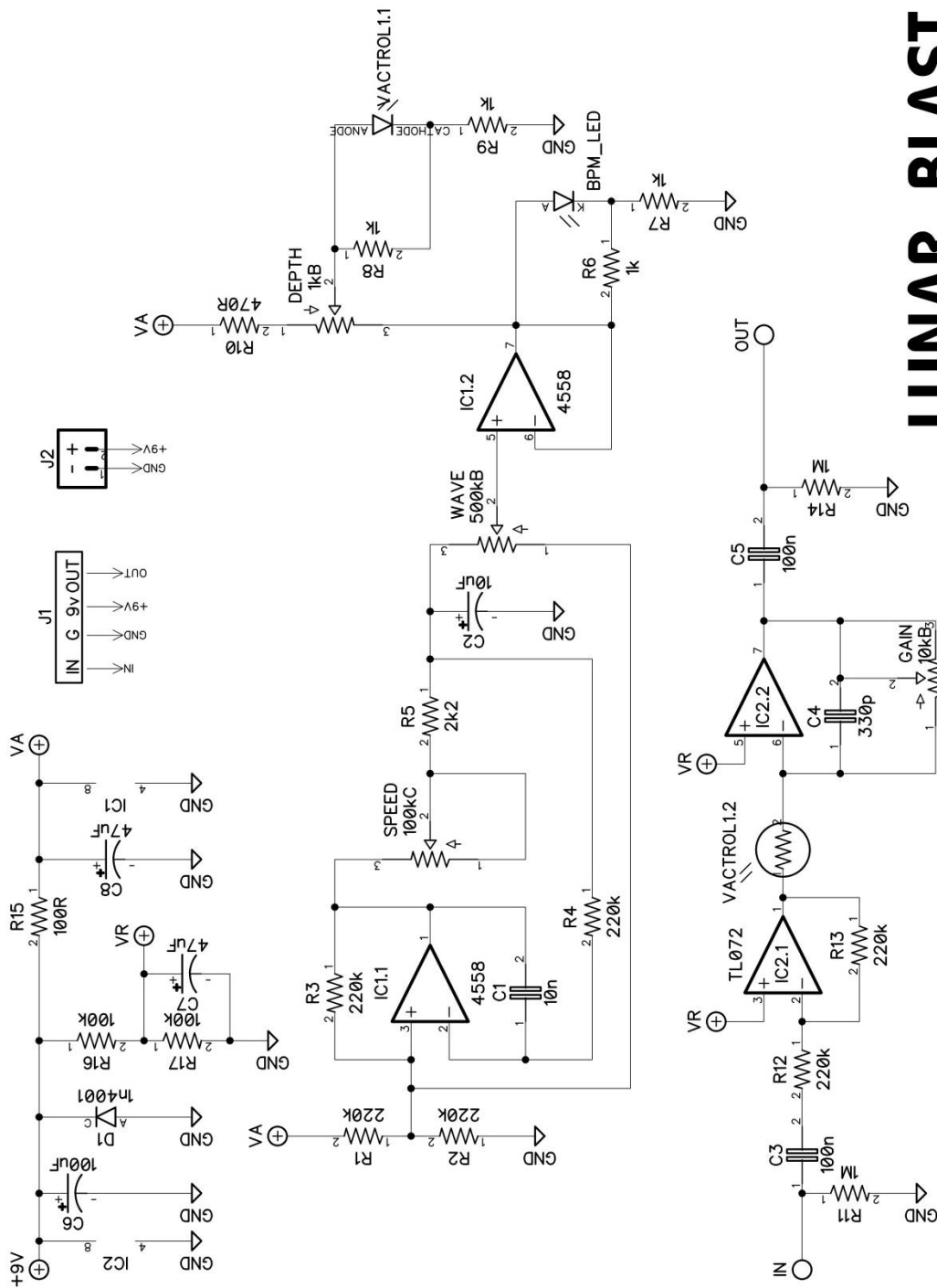
- The "Vactrol" is nothing more than just a Tayda LDR (or any other cheap LDR you may have) and an orange clear LED. You could try different LDR and different color LEDs, but I have had the best results with orange colored clear LED. LED anode (+) goes in the square pad. The LDR can go either way. Some choose to shrink the two together in a tube of shrink tubing, however if the back is on the enclosure it will be in the dark – your call. Here is a picture of how I bent the leads to face each other.



- C3 and C5 (input and output DC blocking caps) were originally 1uF in original circuit but I had an issue with “thumping” when effect on. Since switching to 100n, no issues. Therefore, I recommend 100n
- IC1 is recommended to be a 4558 as it drives the LFO and therefore doesn’t need to be high-fidelity. You could of course substitute just about any other dual opamp.
- IC2 is in the audio circuit and was most likely why the TL072 was chosen. You can of definitely swap this with just about any other dual opamp with the same pin configuration.

## General Build Tips:

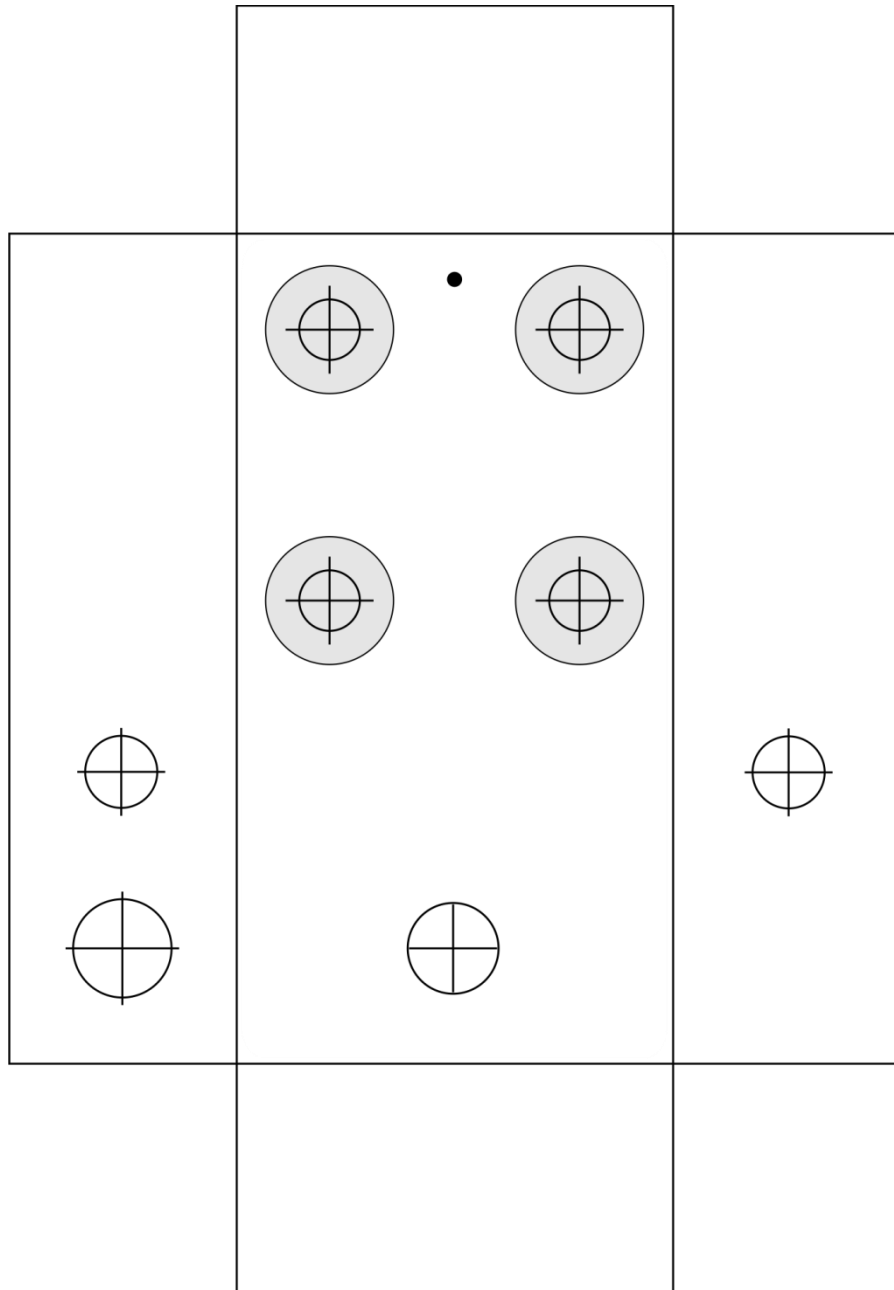
- It is a good idea to solder components from shortest height to tallest. In this case, you should start with resistors, diodes, film caps, electrolytic caps, and IC/sockets.
- All pots are 16mm Alpha right angle PCB mount. Here is a link to the type (maybe not the value) at Tayda Electronics:  
<http://www.taydaelectronics.com/potentiometer-variable-resistors/rotary-potentiometer/linear/10k-ohm-linear-taper-potentiometer-round-shaft-pc-mount.html>
- It is a very good idea to drill holes in your enclosure first, and mount the pots with the nuts **BEFORE** soldering the pots to the PCB. Align everything then solder. This ensures you won’t put a lot of stress on the PCB.
- Be sure to insulate the pots from shorting on the back of the PCB. There are special pot covers or you may use tape or some other insulating material.
- Before putting your creation into its enclosure, you should always test it! If it doesn’t work outside the enclosure, it won’t work inside (I promise!)



**LUNAR BLAST**  
 rullywow.com REV\_1

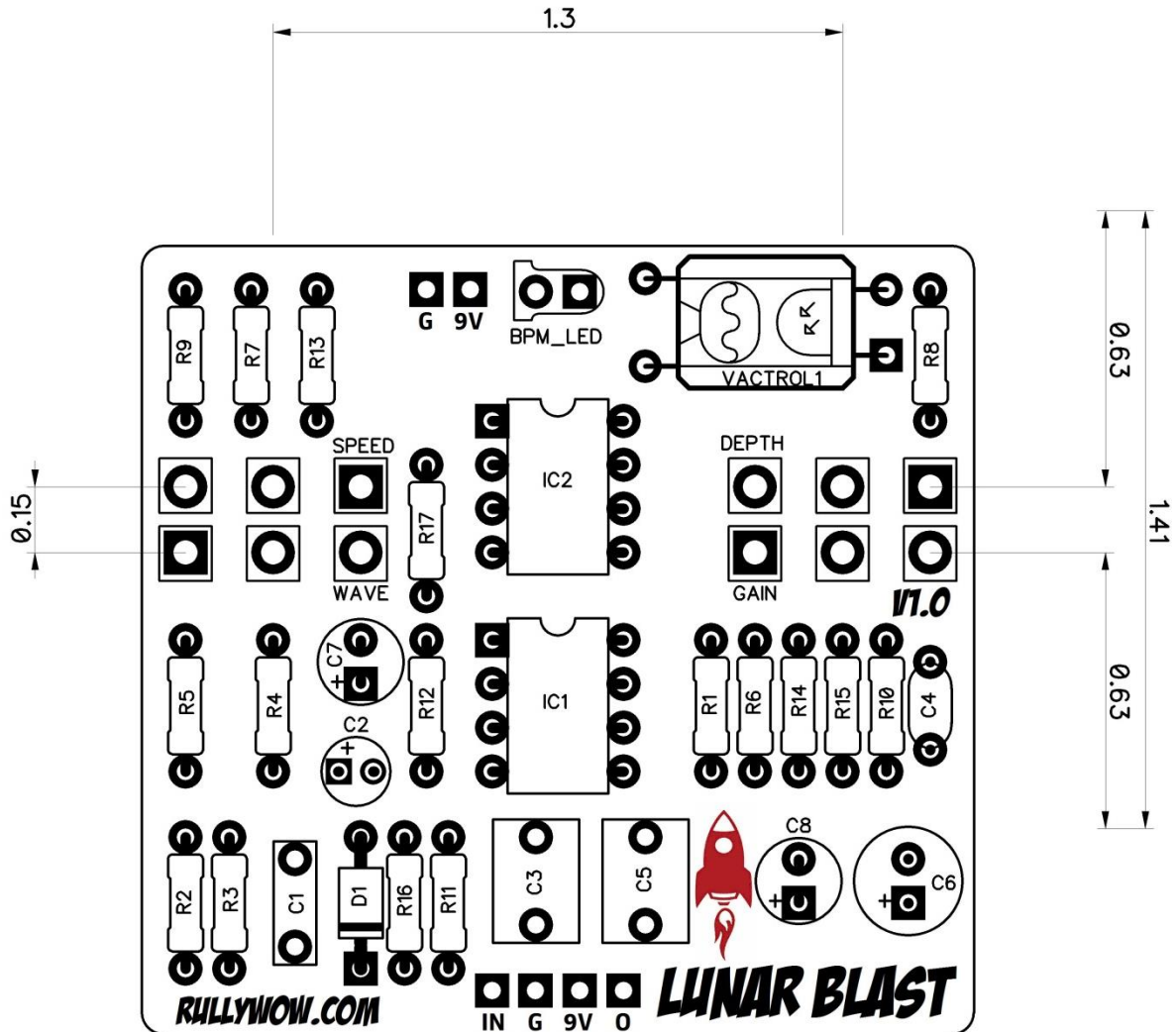
## Drill Guide (for 1590B) :

This is an *APPROXIMATE* drill guide. Enclosures differ in size so be sure to measure before your commit to drill!



## PCB Dimensions = 1.9" x 1.9"

Dimensions below in inches. Based on 16mm right angle Alpha Pots



### Terms of Use:

- PCBs from [www.rullywow.com](http://www.rullywow.com) are intended for DIY use and are not allowed for commercial resale or as part of a KIT. It is OK to build (and sell) a few pedals for your friends, bandmates, yourself (that is what the DIY guitar pedal community is all about!)